Flexible

Flexible Resin for Ergonomic Features

\$199 / L

Use Flexible Resin to produce parts that bend and compress. Flexible is excellent for simulating soft-touch materials and adding ergonomic features to multi-material assemblies.

Handles, grips, and overmolds

Cushioning and damping

Wearables prototyping

Packaging

Stamps



FLFLGR02



Material Properties Data

| | METRIC ¹ | | IMPERIAL ¹ | | METHOD |
|--|---------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------|-------------------|
| | Green | Post-Cured ² | Green | Post-Cured ² | |
| Mechanical Properties | | | | | |
| Ultimate Tensile Strength ³ | 3.3 - 3.4 MPa | 7.7 - 8.5 MPa | 483 - 494 psi | 110 - 1230 psi | ASTM D 412-06 (A) |
| Elongation at Failure ³ | 60 % | 75 - 85 % | 60 % | 75 - 85 % | ASTM D 412-06 (A) |
| Compression Set ⁴⁵ | 0.40 % | 0.40 % | 0.40 % | 0.40 % | ASTM D 395-03 (B) |
| Tear Strength | 9.5 - 9.6 kN/m | 13.3 - 14.1 kN/m | 54 - 55 lbf/in | 76 - 80 lbf/in | ASTM D 624-00 |
| Shore Hardness | 70 - 75 A | 80 - 85 A | 70 - 75 A | 80 - 85 A | ASTM 2240 |
| Thermal Properties | | | | | |
| Vicat Softening Point ⁶ | 231 °C | 230 °C | 448 °F | 446 °F | ASTM D 1525-09 |

¹ Material properties can vary with part geometry, ² Data was obtained from parts printed using print orientation, print settings and temperature.

Solvent Compatibility

Percent weight gain over 24 hours for a printed and post-cured 1 x 1 x 1 cm cube immersed in respective solvent:

| Solvent | 24 hr weight gain (%) | Solvent | 24 hr weight gain (%) |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------------------|-----------------------|
| Acetic Acid, 5 % | 1.3 | Sodium hydroxide (0.025 %, pH = 10) | 1 |
| Acetone | 33 | Xylene | 29 |
| Isopropyl Alcohol | 9.8 | | |
| Bleach, ~5 % NaOCI | 1.1 | | |
| Butyl Acetate | 16 | | |
| Diethyl glycol monomethyl ether | 30 | | |
| Hydrogen Peroxide (3 %) | 1.3 | | |
| Isooctane | <1 | | |
| Salt Water (3.5 % NaCl) | <1 | | |

Form 2, 100 µm, Flexible settings and postcured with 80.5 mW/cm2 of 365 nm fluorescent light for 60 minutes.

³ Tensile testing was performed after 3+ hours at 23 °C, using a Die C dumbbell and 20 in/min cross head speed.

⁴ Compression testing was performed at 23 °C after aging at 23 °C for 22 hours.

⁵ Tear testing was performed after 3+ hours at 23 °C, using a Die C tear specimen and a 20 in/min cross head speed.

⁶ Thermal testing was performed after 40+ hours with a 10 N loading at 50 °C/hour. Cracks formed in samples during testing.